

A systematic case study of the official documents of the Hiroshima Domain Government in the Edo period through paper examination

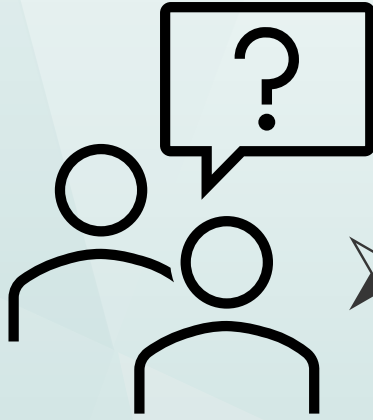


Paper Making
和田家文書

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People say ...



➤ What is important about the paper itself rather than the content of the document?

4 Cs Of Documentation System

➤ **Class**

(階級社会)

➤ **Credibility**

(公文書の信用性)

➤ **Color-coding**

(色分けされた情報伝達経路)

➤ **Common Format**

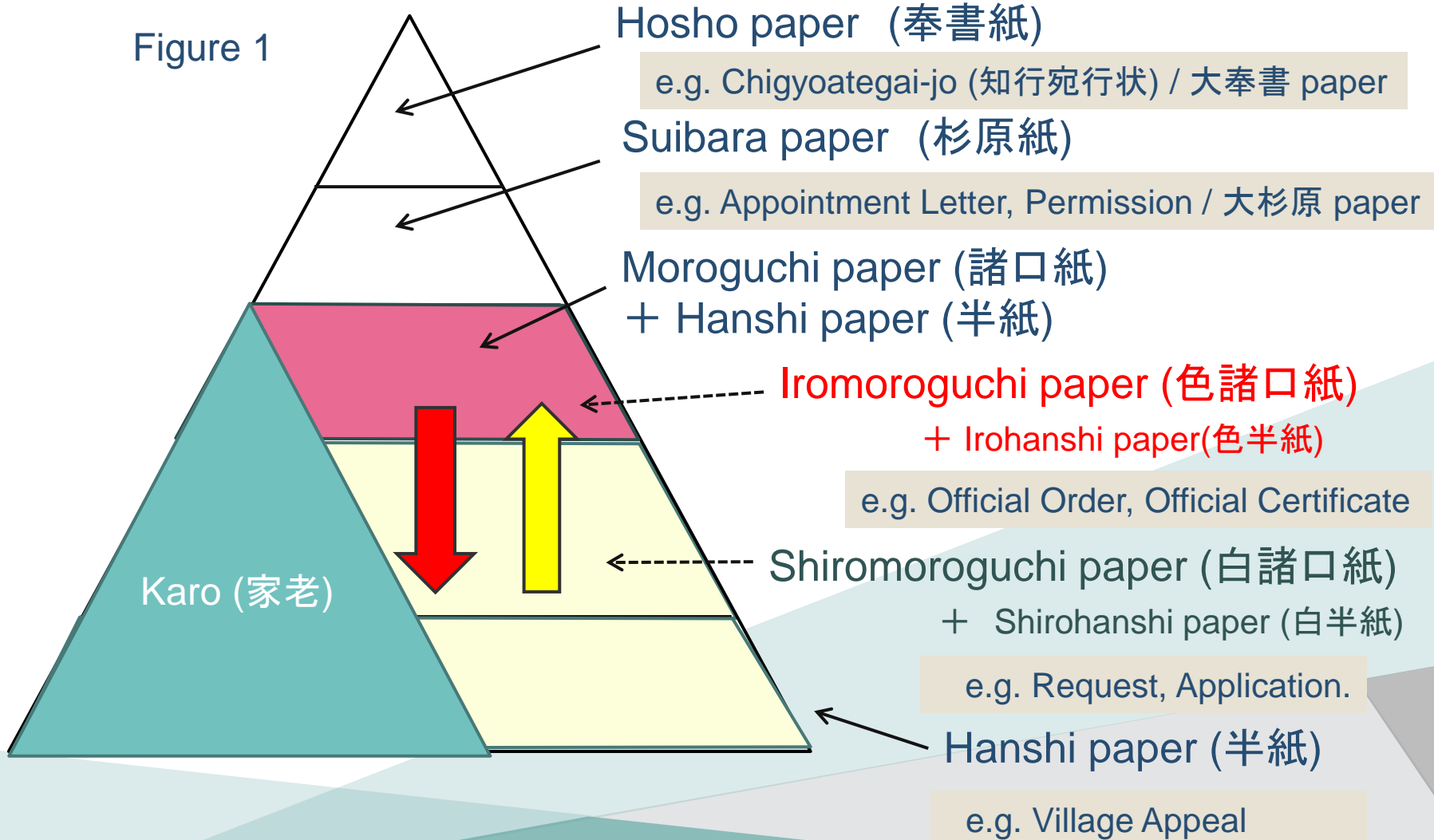
(文書の共通書式)

Historical Method

Paper Examination

Class

Figure 1



Credibility

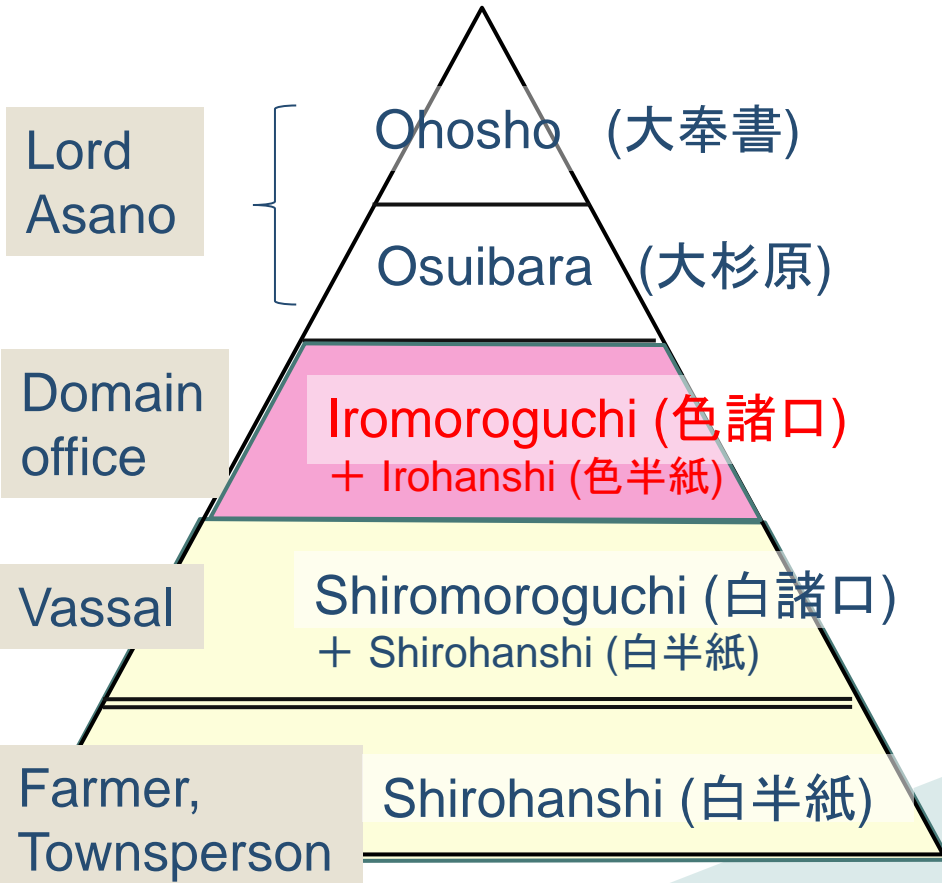


Figure 2

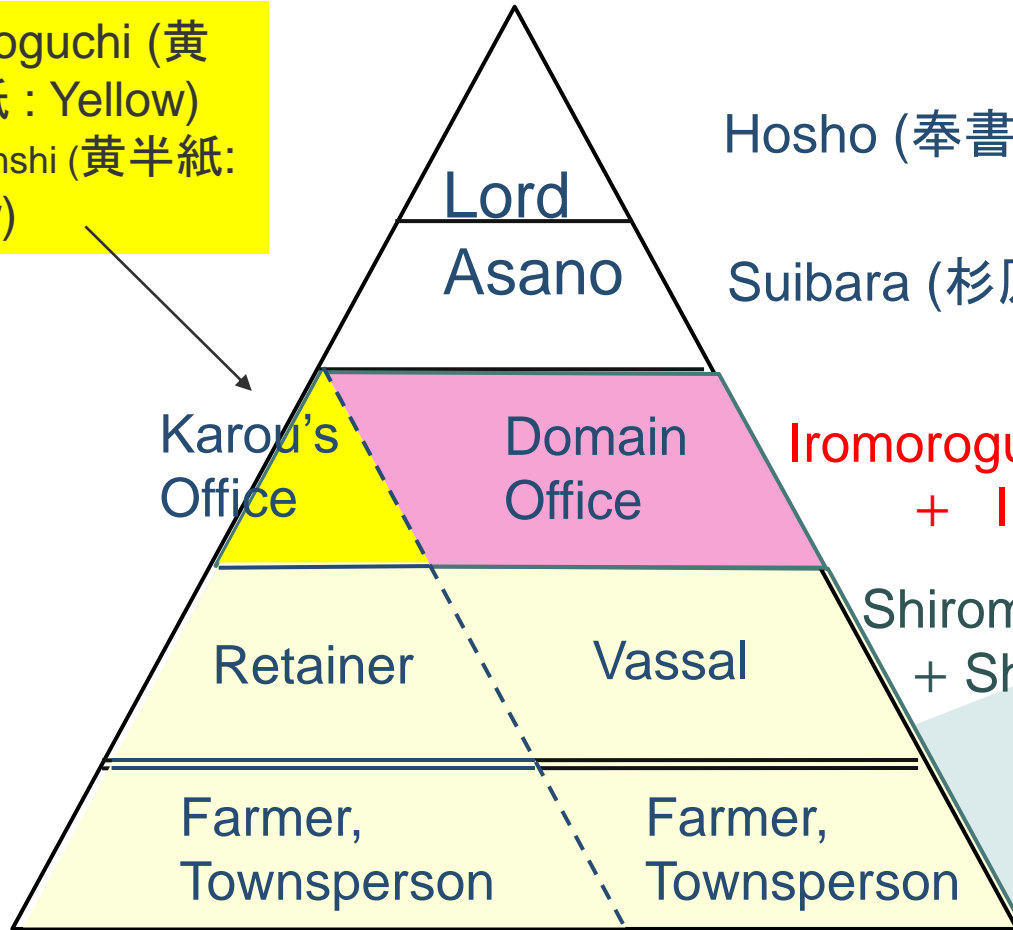
大奉書 (豎 380 ~ 390mm × 横 515 ~ 525mm)
大杉原 (豎 330 ~ 340mm × 横 470 ~ 480mm)
諸口 (豎 280 ~ 290mm × 横 450 ~ 460mm)
半紙 (豎 240 ~ 250mm × 横 340 ~ 350mm)

Table 1

	height(mm) × width(mm)	thickness(mm)
大奉書紙	380~390 × 515~525	0.3
大杉原紙	330~340 × 470~480	0.12
諸口紙	270~295 × 445~465	0.1
半紙	240~255 × 340~350	0.08

Color-coding

Kimoroguchi (黄
諸口紙 : Yellow)
+ Kihanshi (黄半紙:
Yellow)



Hosho (奉書紙: White)

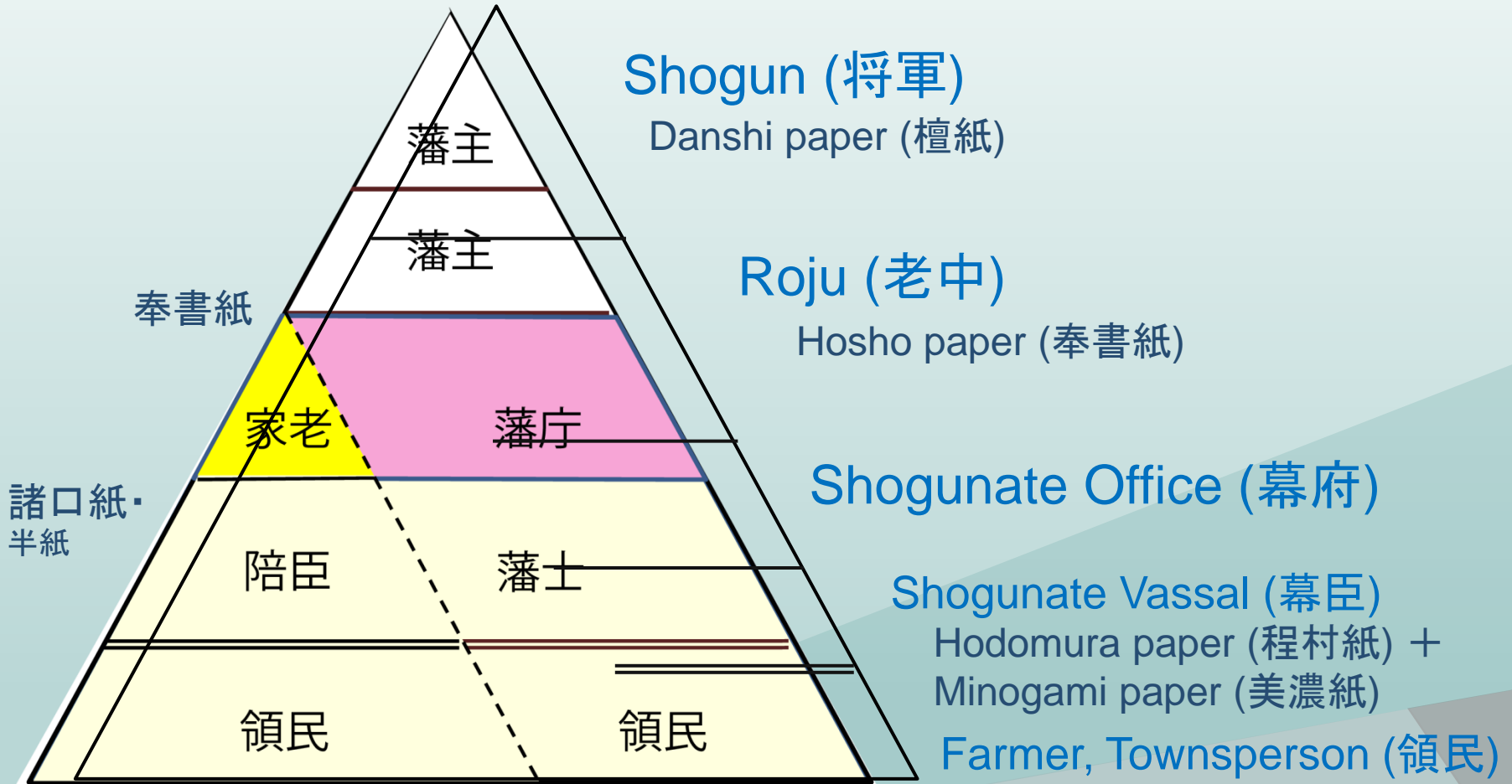
Suibara (杉原紙: White)

Iromoroguchi (色諸口紙: Pale Pink)
+ Irohanshi (色半紙: Pale Pink)

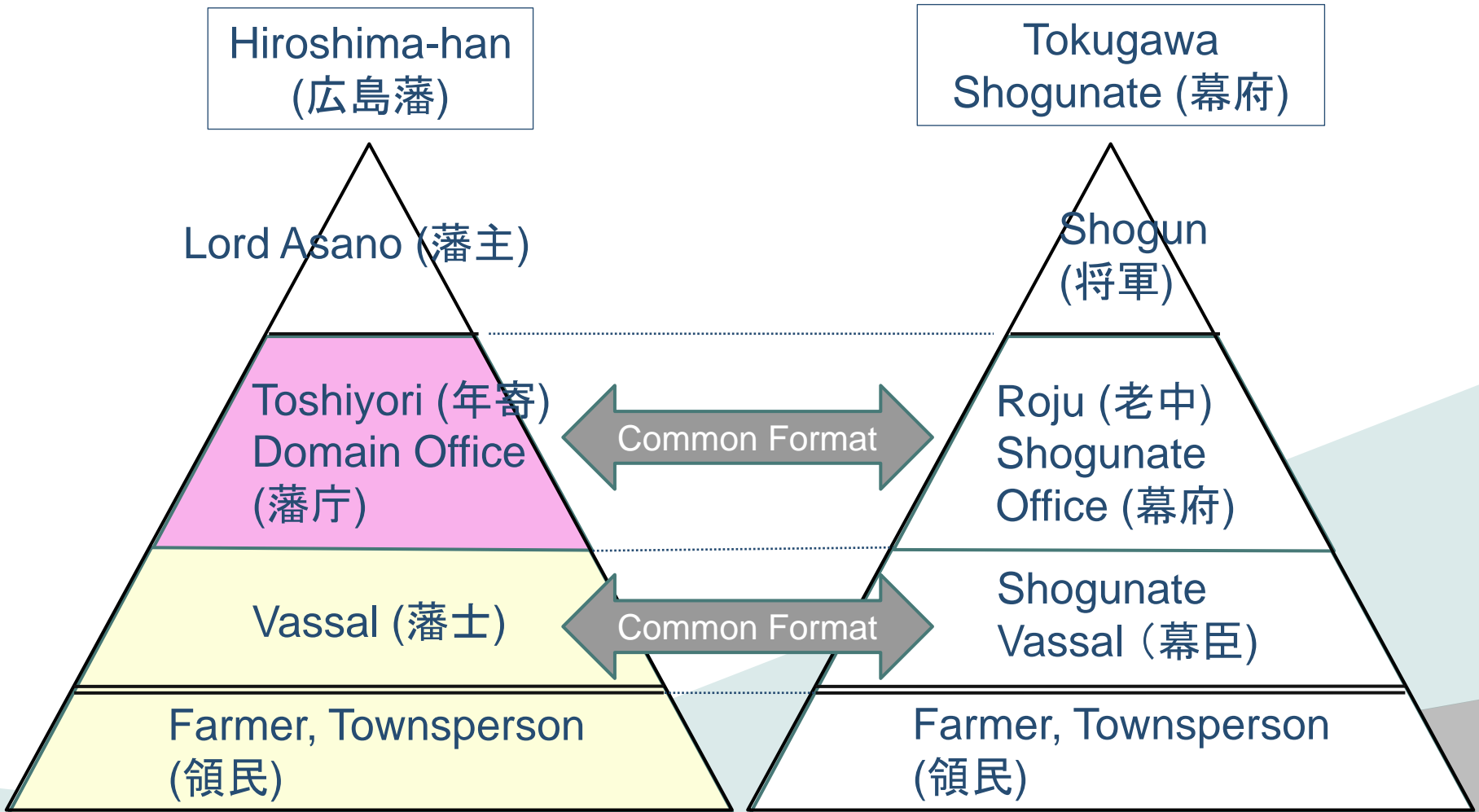
Shiromoroguchi (白諸口紙: Off-white)
+ Shirohanshi (白半紙: Off-white)

Hanshi(半紙: Off-white)

Common format

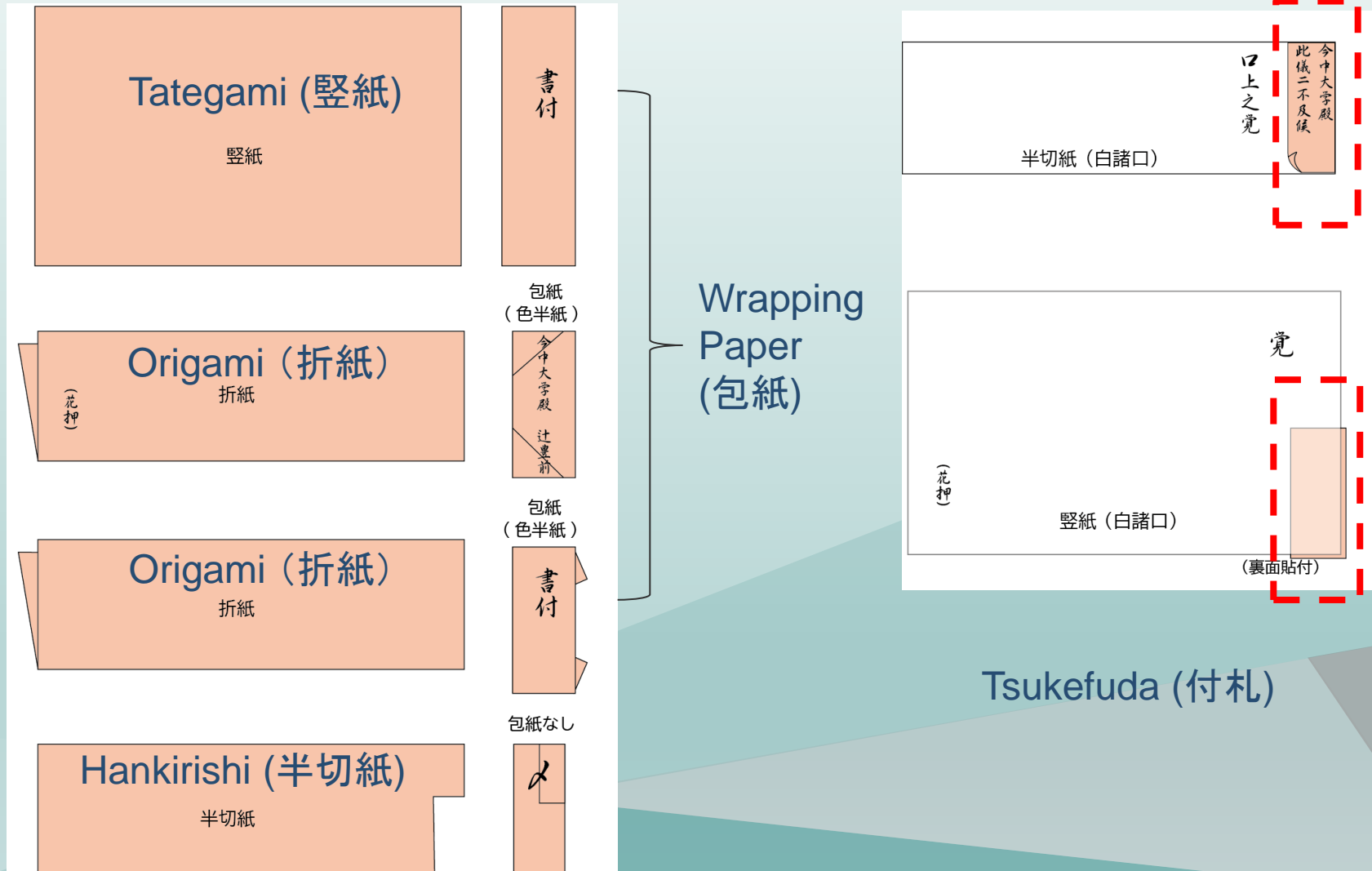


Common format



Common format

5 Patterns of Iromoroguchi (色諸口紙)



Common format

Tojo-meshi (登城召し)



包紙なし

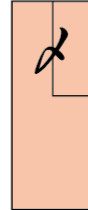


Image 1

Hensatsu (返札)



包紙
(色半紙)

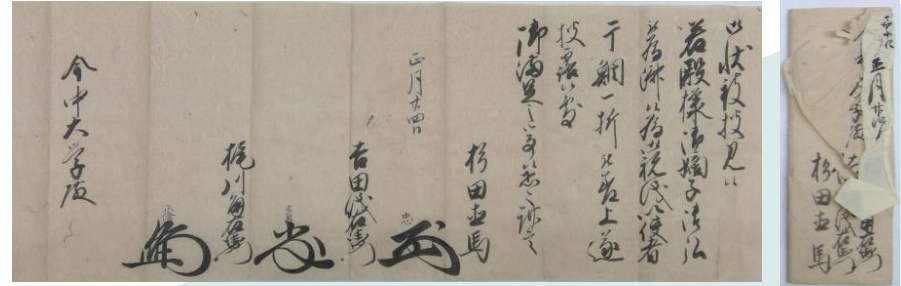


Image 2

Tsukefuda (付札)

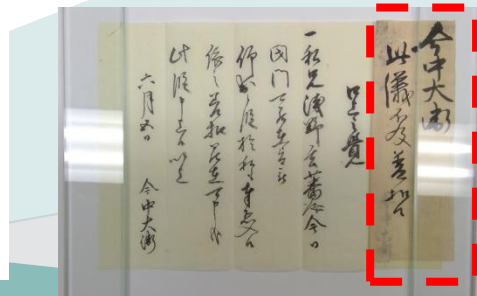
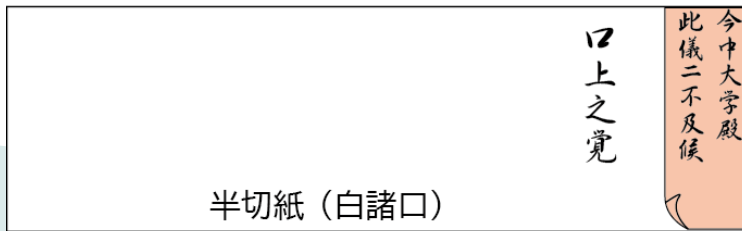


Image 3

Image1~3: Provided by Hiroshima Univ.

Verticality and Commonality

Hiroshima-han
(広島藩)

Tokugawa
Shogunate (幕府)

Lord Asano (藩主)

Shogun
(将軍)

Toshiyori (年寄)
Domain Office
(藩庁)

Common Format

Roju (老中)
Shogunate
Office (幕府)

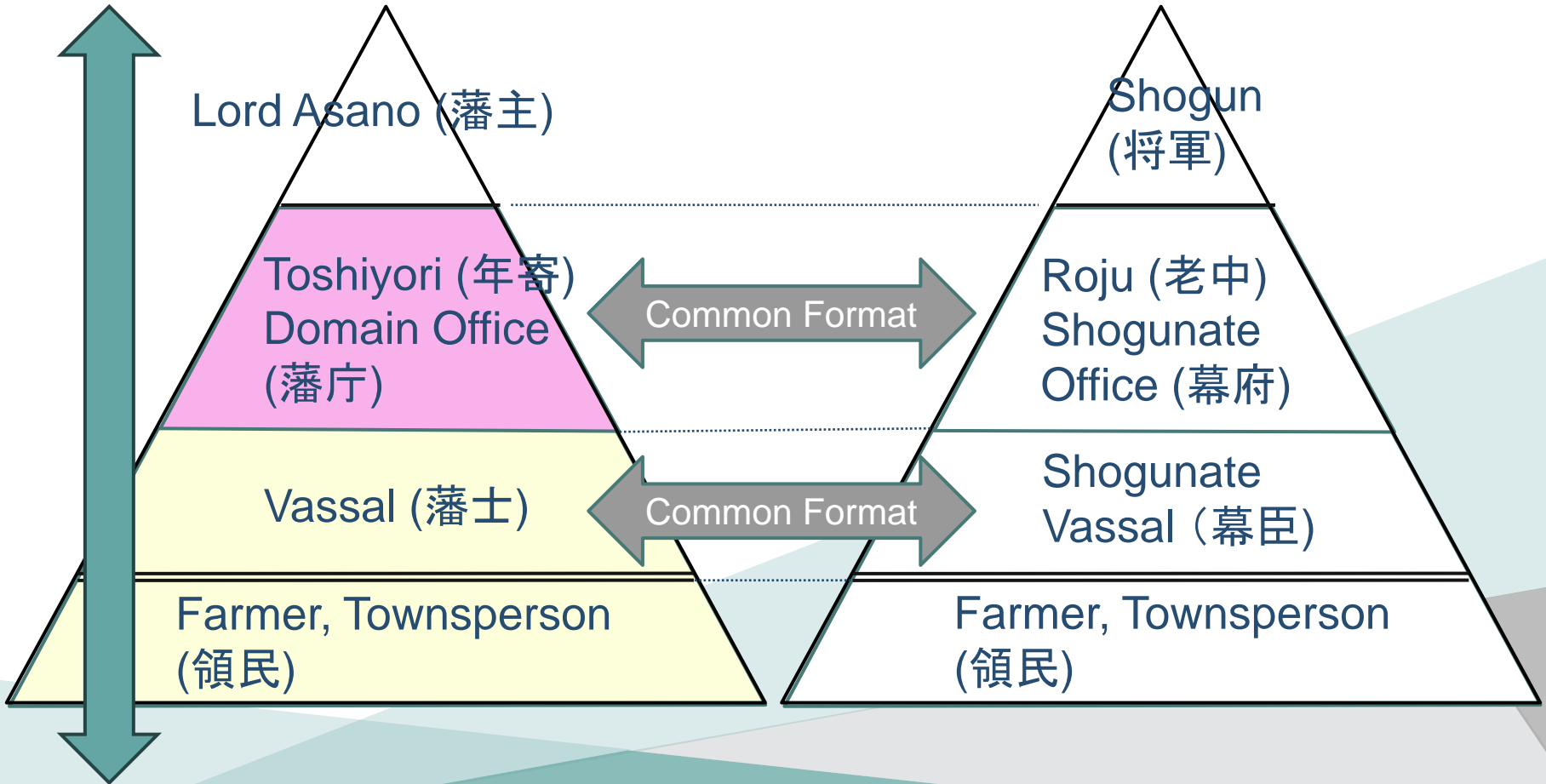
Vassal (藩士)

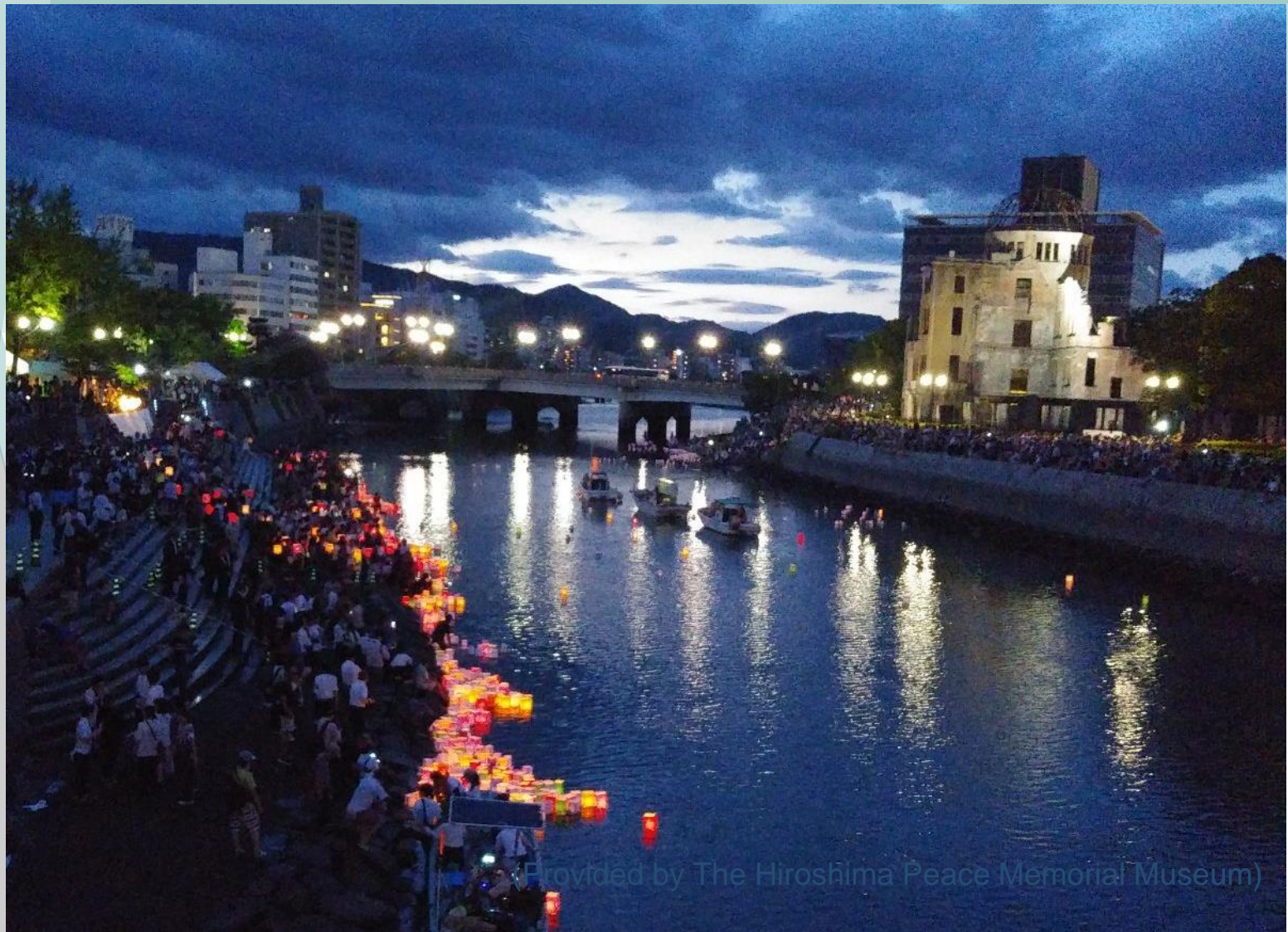
Common Format

Shogunate
Vassal (幕臣)

Farmer, Townsperson
(領民)

Farmer, Townsperson
(領民)





(Provided by The Hiroshima Peace Memorial Museum)

ありがとうございました。