The CrossAsia Open Access Repository and other news from Berlin

Dr. Ursula Flache Staatsbibliothek zu Berlin, East Asia Department



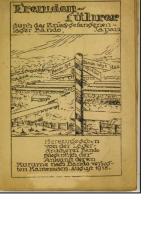


Four news from Stabi Berlin

XOSÍO

- Extension of the collection of pre-modern Japanese titles with a focus on *setsuyōshū* as part of our mission as Specialised Information Service Asia (Fachinformationsdienst (FID) Asien) and in connection with a research project of the University of Cologne
- Deposit of the "Bandō collection" of the German Institute for Japanese Studies (Tokyo)
- 3. Presentation of the Japanese handscrolls in a new thematic portal
- 4. Introduction of the new **CrossAsia Open Access Repository** for Asian studies







About us S	cope of the Collection	Publishing
The CrossAsia Open Access Repository is the central C	rossAsla Open Access Repository is an Asian Studies	CrossAsia Open Access Repository is a service of
publication hub of the CrossAsia information service. It re	pository in Germany. Its goal is to provide open, free-of-	CrossAsia. As such, this hub is open to all researchers
	arge and long-term access to quality scholarly materi-	who want to publish Open Access materials in Asian
	s from all fields of social sciences, cultural studies and	Studies. It also especially welcomes contributions from
community. ht	umanities related to Asia.	universities and other institutions in Asian Studies.



 Extension of the collection of pre-modern Japanese titles with a focus on *setsuyōshū* as part of our mission as Specialised Information Service Asia (Fachinformationsdienst (FID) Asien) and in connection with a research project of the University of Cologne



http://resolver.staatsbibliothek-berlin.de/SBB0002364900000013







East Asia Department of Staatsbibliothek zu Berlin

- current staff: 33 persons
- regional responsibility: China, Japan, Korea, Central Asia, Southeast Asia

- From 1951 to 2015 **Special Subject Collection** (Sondersammelgebiet (SSG) 6.25) East and Southeast Asia funded by the German Research Foundation (Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft (DFG)
- Focus on humanities and social sciences about and from the regions
- Since January 2016 in charge of the **Specialised Information Services Asia** (Fachinformationsdienst (FID) Asien)
- [2016-2020 together with the University Library Heidelberg and the South Asia Institute of Heidelberg University]

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The mission of the **FID Asia**:

- Supply access to relevant resources (printed and electronic) to researchers of Asian studies located at German universities or research institutions
- Focus on the humanities, social sciences and economics

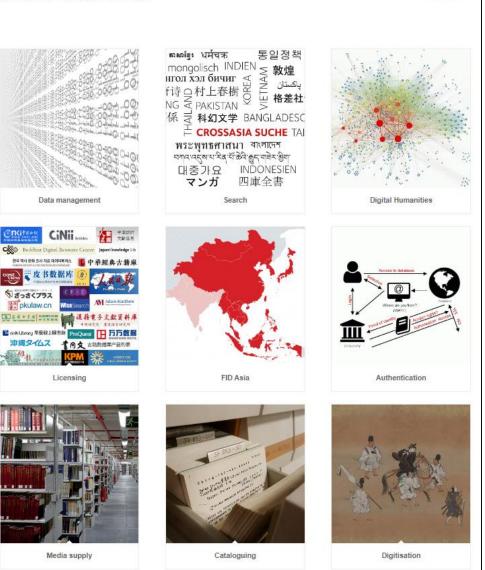
Two principles:

- preference of electronic resources whenever possible
- close contact with the research community and respond to user requests

>> Scientific advisory board, participation in annual conferences, regular user trainings through CrossAsia Classroom, ..

>> acquisitions according to user requests

https://blog.crossasia.org/about/?lang=en
About CrossAsia







Projekt

The revision of knowledge: on the genesis of "national language dictionaries" (kokugo jisho) and the commercialisation of "knowledge" in 17th and 18th century Ôsaka

Applicant	→ Professor Dr. Stephan Köhn
Subject Area	Asian Studies
Term	since 2019
Project identifier	Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft (DFG) - Proiect number 427290130

Project Description

Setsuyôshû is a new type of dictionary that emerges in the second half of the 15th century and becomes, with more than 800 published titles, one of the pillars of the publishing business in Ôsaka.Despite its financial success, most researchers doubt Setsuyôshû's practical use as a "language dictionary". Setsuyôshû is considered an anachronistic, impractical, and flawed print product. It is widely believed that reliable "dictionaries of national language" (kokugo jisho) do not come into life until the middle of the 19th century. However, the Otoko setsuyôshû nyoi hôju taisei ("Completion of the wish-fulfilling jewel: the time-saving collection for men") published 1716 by Aburaya in Ôsaka seems to call for a revision of all previous research. The research project advocates the thesis that Yamamoto Joshû, the editor of this work, undertakes with his Otoko setsuyôshû a thorough revision of knowledge that has been uncritically passed on by former Setsuyôshû. On the one hand, Yamamoto verifies the given reading and writing of Chinese characters by consulting historical documents/dictionaries, and, on the other hand, updates the antiquated vocabulary by consulting contemporary dictionaries of colloquial language/dialects. Yamamoto's Otoko setsuyôshû can be seen as a reaction to a fundamental paradigm shift that takes place in the linguistic, cultural, social and economic sphere in the early 18th century. With his innovative meta-level commentaries that impressively reflects a consciousness of language's historicity, Otoko setsuyôshû must be considered the prototype of all kokugo jisho. A thorough philological and historico-cultural analysis shall reveal the eminent role this work has actually played in the history of Setsuyôshû. In a first step, the original woodblock-print of the Otoko setsuyôshû will be edited, translated, and annotated. During this process, Yamamoto's meta-level commentaries will be systematically scrutinized to reconstruct a new stock of knowledge Yamamoto tried to implement for his contemporaries in the Setsuyôshû. In a next step, a comparison with the vocabulary of the Ekirinbon, the "forefather" of the Setsuyôshû, will shed light on revisions made by Yamamoto regarding words, pronunciation (i.e. reading), orthography (i.e. spelling), or forms of representation of Chinese characters as a reaction to the before-mentioned paradigm shift. In a last step, the historical context of production and reception of the Otoko setsuvôshû will be examined to gain new insights in highly competitive network-structures of publishing houses specialised on Setsuyôshû in Ôsaka and to get a better understanding of the growing significance of "knowledge" as a commodity in the daily life of the 18th century. This finally leads also to the crucial question of how and why "writing" begins to play such an eminent role in virtually all cultural, social, or economical spheres in terms of a modern "knowledge-based society" in 18th century Japan.

Research Grants				
Japan, United Kingdom				
→ Dr. Bettina Gramlich-				

Gramlich-Oka; → Professorin Dr. Shizuko Koyama; → Dr. Laura Moretti; → Professor Dr. Takahiro Sato; → Professor Dr. Fuyuhiko Yokota

Research project: Prof. Stephan Köhn, University of Cologne

https://japanologie.phil-fak.uni-koeln.de/forschung/forschungsprojekte/neuordnung-des-wissens

Die Neuordnung	des Wissens (DFG)
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Zur Genese "Nationalsprachlicher Lexika" (kokugo jisho) und der Kommerzialisierung von "Wissen" im Ōsaka des 17./ 18. Jahrhunderts Projektverantwortlicher: Prof. Dr. Stephan Köhn

Projektmitarbeiter: Paul Schoppe, M.A. (März 2020 - Februar 2023); Martin Thomas, M.A. (März 2020 - Februar 2023) Wissenschaftliche Hilfskräfte: Michail Ketikidis, B.A. (April 2022 - März 2023), Daniel Döbbeler, B. A. (April 2020 - März 2022)

Förderzeitraum: März 2020 - April 2025

In der zweiten Hälfte des 15. Jahrhunderts bildete sich in Japan ein neues Lexikon-Genre heraus, das es dem Benutzer ermöglichte, die korrekte Schreibweise eines Begriffs mit den entsprechenden chinesischen Schriftzeichen zu ermitteln. Angeordnet nach dem klassischen iroha-Silbenalphabet und unterteilt in einzelne Themenfelder (mon 問), stand die effiziente Recherche im Vordergrund. Dies spiegelt sich auch in der Bezeichnung dieser Nachschlagewerke als setsuyöshü 用集 ("Sammlungen für den zeitsparenden Gebrauch") wider. Im Zuge der rasanten Verbreitung des Holzblockdruckes im Kontext privatwirtschaftlicher Aktivitäten des 17. Jahrhunderts avancierte das Genre schnell zu einem bedeutenden Eckpfeiler des expandierenden Buchmarktes und konkurrierte aufgrund der Einbindung von Inhalten enzyklopädischen Charakters (furoku 付録) zunehmend auch mit anderen Vertretern der sogenannten Ratgeberliteratur. Das Genre der setsuyöshü war bis in die erste Hälfte des 20. Jahrhunderts von Bedeutung und brachte in seiner rund 450 Jahre währender Geschichte über 800 Titel hervor.

Das durch die Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft (DFG) geförderte Forschungsprojekt "Die Neuordnung des Wissens" möchte sich anhand einer umfassenden Analyse und Kontextualisierung eines setsuvöshü diesem besonderen Genre widmen. Im Fokus steht dabei das erstmals 1716 durch die Verleger Aburava Yohē (Ösaka), Tennõiiya Ichirõbē (Kvōto) und Suharaya Mohē (Edo) herausgegebene Otoko setsuyōshū nyoi hōju taisei 男節用集如意宝珠大成 ("Das vollendete Wunschjuw Die zeitersparende Sammlung für den Mann"). Dieses nimmt aufgrund zahlreicher Eigenheiten, die nicht nur in der genderspezifischen Konzeption liegen, einen besonderen Stellenwert innerhalb des Genres ein. So bricht der Kompilator Yamamoto Joshū bewusst mit der bis dahin üblichen parallelen Darstellung der Einträge des Lexikonteils in Standard-(kaisho 楷書) und Konzeptschrift (sōsho 草書) und verwendet anstelle von Letzterer die Kursivschrift (gyōsho 行書). Weitaus bedeutender ist jedoch die Tatsache, dass viele Einträge des Lexikonteils ausführliche Erläuterungen enthalten, fehlerhafte oder alternative Schreibungen ausweisen, dialektale Varietäten erwähnen oder konkrete Quellenbelege anführen. Es scheint daher legitim, vom Vorhandensein einer sprachreflexiven Metaebene zu sprechen, wodurch sich das Otoko setsuyöshü nyoi hõju taisei von anderen Werken desselben Genres unterscheidet.

Das Forschungsprojekt gliedert sich in vier Phasen, die jeweils unterschiedliche Ziele verfolgen. In der ersten Phase erfolgt die textkritische Edition des bislang nicht edierten Originaltextes des Otoko setsuvöshū nvoi hõju taisei, das sich mit seinen rund 9.000 Lexikoneinträgen und zahlreichen furoku auf 107 Doppelblätter erstreckt. Die Edition dient primär der

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	Veranstaltungen		
	Veröffentlichungen		
節	Weiterführende Literatur		
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l vel: e	Erste Selte des Lexikontells des Otoko setsuydshā nyoi		

hōju taisei 男節用集如意宝珠大成. Gut zu erkennen ist, dass die einzelnen Einträge zum einen nach dem iroha-Silbenalphabet angeordnet sind, hier beginnend mit dem Buchstaben い, sowie eine weitere Systematisierung der Einträge nach Unterkategorien



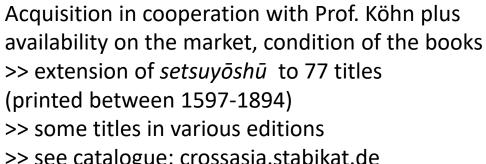


https://setsuyoshu.uni-koeln.de/index.php

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University of Cologne	Database of Ea	arly Modern J	lapanese Dictio	onaries	DFG Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft	Faculty of Arts and Humanities Japanese Studies	номе	► HOW TO USE ► SE	TSUYŐSHŰ V RESOURCES ABOUT US	Deutsch E
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εk 🔍	Search results 1 to	o 2 of 2			Numbers of Results: 20 50 100	glossar	bu	部	Rubrics in the vocabulary of a setsuy	röshū, used in the classification of lemmas.
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adinis + All riends 4	searc	ch fun	iction	University of Cologne	Database of Early Modern Japanese Dictionaries		chôhóki	重张記	popular during the Edo-period (160 Namura jōhāku 苗村常伯 (1674-17- chōhōki 女重望記), published in G Things for Men [*] (Nan chōhōki 男童) These two chōhōki contain inter a composing poetry, practicing tea (sc	genre of encyclopedias for everyday use becam 3-1868). The most well-known works-both writ 89-are: "Records of Useful Things for Women" enrokus 5 (1692) in 5 volumes, and "Records of $\vec{z}(\vec{z})$, published in Genrokus 6 (1693), also in 5 vo ia rules of eduquette, instructions for moral edu a/ds $\vec{x}(\vec{z})$ or incense ceremonies ($k\dot{z}dds$ $\vec{n}(\vec{z})$), et are reused as an appendix ($Liroxio)$ in a setuatyof
	Entry 1 of 2			Japanese Studies	HOME ► HOW TO USE > SETSUYÔSHÛ ► RESOURCE	S AE	chūhon, chūbon	中本	Size of a <i>hanpon</i> : height ca 18–19 cm	n, width ca 13–14 cm.
Titles 女節用集 (Onna setsuyōshū) 男節用集 (Otoko setsuyōshū)	Title: 女節用集	Consecutive	no: 01-02460 Ini	ti An overview	Setsuyōshū 節用集		daisen	題簽・題籤・題箋		ide of the front cover (<i>omote-byōshī</i>) of a <i>hanpo</i> bok and the number of the present volume. Due alled <i>tanzakusen</i> 短副微.
Topics 天地 (Kosmos)		Word entry	萊菔	The origin of the genre The name of the genre The three lines of tradition	An overview In the mid-15th century, a new genre of dictionary emerged for I Chinese characters (<i>kanji</i> 漢字). In contrast to traditional cha		Ekirinbon setsuyöshü	易林本節用集	(dates unknown), is printed on the	chô 2 (1597) in 2 volumes. As the revisor's name, last page of volume two, this <i>setsuyöshü</i> is ge ary is organized in 47 rubrics (<i>bu</i>) and 14 topics
時候 (Jahresablauf)	Edition	Reading	たいこん(た	- The topics (mon)	dictionary genre utilized a classification based on phonetic and according to its first syllable in so-called rubrics (<i>bu</i>) followin	University of Cologne	Database of Early M	odern Japanese Dicti	This is the first work of the so-called ionaries	Finition Finite by DFG Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft
神祇 (Götterwelt) 官位 (Hofämter)		Commentary		The appendices (<i>furoku</i>) The style of writing	was to further classify the lemma according to its meaning in reflected by the unique name of this new type of dictionary: "c	Faculty of Arts and Humanities				
人倫 (Menschenweit)				→ Onna setsuyöshü	wood block printing in the 17th century, <i>setsuyöshü</i> soon beca Since publishers began to add more and more supplementa	Japanese Studies	HOME FOW T) use 🕨 setsuyõshū	V RESOURCES ABOUT US	Deutsch English
衣食 (Kleidung und Speisen)		Word entry	Radish [Rapha	Al → Otoko setsuyöshü	evolved from a mere dictionary into a veritable encyclopedia, (<i>jitsuyōsho</i> 実用書) of that time. In point of fact, <i>setsuyōshū</i> cont	Index	Bibliography			
生類 (Lebewesen) 草木 (Pflanzen)	Translation	Transcription	daikon		Japan until the beginning of the 20th century, after which they we know today, more than 800 titles of <i>setsuyōshū</i> had been pul	I) Primary Literature			1.20	
早木 (Filanzen) 器財 (Utensilien)		Commentary			······································	I.1) <i>Setsuyöshū</i> and other dictionaries I.2) Publishing in Edo-period Japan	I) Primary Literatu		oks	
言語 (Sprache)		Word entry	大根	extensive	The origin of the genre	II) Secondary Literature		unko江戸時代庶民文庫, 100) vols. Tökyö: Özorasha 2012–21.	
Initial syllables	Modern Japanese		Nix	background	There is still some disagreement among researchers about the setsuyöshü manuscripts date from the 15th century. In contra	II.1) Setsuyöshü and other dictionaries II.2) Publishing in Edo-period Japan	• Kimura, Akira 木村	灵 (Hg.) (1995–97): Kojisho	ietsuyöshü kanji goi sakuin 易林本節用集漢字 kenkyü shiryö sökan 古辞書研究資料叢刊, 31	
あしいしうしたしお		Reading	だいこん	Dackground	end of the 16th century onwards, these handwritten and manu oldest existing setsuyöshü dates back to Bunmei 6 (1474), and			非叢刊, 34 vols. Tōkyō: Yūsł 祝夫 (1968): Kohon setsuy		n 古本節用集六種研究並びに總合索引. Tōkyō:
か き く け こ				information	rubrics (<i>bu</i>) and 16 topics (<i>mon</i>). Other early manuscripts of th		Kazama shobō. • Nakada, Norio 中田	祝夫 (1970): Bunmeibon s	etsuvõshü kenkvü narabi ni sakuin 文明本道	⁶ 用集 研究並びに素引, 2 vols. Tōkyō: Kazama
ult of research proj	ect:			mormation	Meiö 5 (1494), and the <u><i>Ikyöshü</i></u> (44 rubrics, 13 topics), which eq manuscripts of that time share some similarities regarding t		shobō.			sakuin 印度本節用集古本四種研究並びに總合素
notated printed edit	ion + datab	ase			differences between them. For that reason, it is nowadays wide	1.	41 2 vols Tökvör Be	nseisha.		
•					these copies. However, since the original manuscript has been l	bibliography				² 編節用集大全研究並びに索引, 2 vols. Tōkyō:
	(a						 Nakada, Norio 中田 並びに総合索引. Tok 		離 (1971): Kohon kagakushū shichishu ken)	kyū narabi ni sögö sakuin 古本下学集七種研究
•			•		<i>hōju taisei</i> will follow):		 Nakada, Norio 中田 shobō. 	祝夫/Kita, Yasuaki 北恭昭	I (1966): Wagyokuhen kenkyü narabi ni sa	kuin 和玉篇研究並びに索引. Tökyö: Kazama
er die Kommerzialisier	ung von Wiss	sen im Jap	pan des 18	3. Jahrhunderts. Das B	eispiel des "Wortbeutels der				、林祥次郎 (1973): Shogenjikō setsuyōshū ker	okyū narabi ni sakuin 書言字考節用集研究並び
itsparenden Sammlung	; für die Frau"	' (Onna se	etsuyō mo	jibukuro, 1762). Wies	baden: Harrasowitz 2022.		• Nakada, Norio 中日	l祝夫/Kobayashi, Shōjirō		öhon kanpon sanshu kenkyü narabi ni sögö
							• Nakada, Norio 中田	祝夫/Kobayashi, Shōjirō 小	^{截引} , 2 vols. Tõkyö: Benseisha. N林祥次郎 (1979): <i>Görui setsuyöshü kenkyü</i>	narabi ni sakuin 合類節用集研究並びに索引, 2
							vols. Tõkyö: Benseis	ha.		
•							• Nakada, Norio 中田	倪夫/Minegishi, Akira 峯岸	明 (1964): Iroha jiruishö kenkyū narabi ni sa	ukuin 色葉字類抄研究並びに索引, 2 vols. Tökyö:
asia				C	C-BY 4.0		Kazama shobō.			ukuin 色葉字類抄研究並びに索引, 2 vols. Tökyö: narabi ni sögö sakuin 中世古辞書四種研究並び

https://crossasia.org/en/service/crossasia-get-it/





E.g. two editions of the Onna setsuyoshū

山本,序周;.-刊.-大坂:秋田屋大野木市兵衛江戸:須原屋茂兵衛,Kanpō 3 [1743]

山本, 序周 ; . - 刊. - 大坂 : 大野木市兵衛 [オオノギ イチベエ]江戸 : 須原屋茂兵衛 [スハラヤ モヘエ], 宝暦 12 [1762] 💷

河辺, 桑揚;..-刊, 四刻.-京[都]:勝村治右衞門,風月庄左衞門,出雲寺文次郎,北村四郎兵衞,藤井孫兵衞,神先宗八,神部源右衞門,小川多左衞門,永田調兵衞,小林庄兵衞,村上勘兵衛,大谷仁兵衛,富永勝太郎,小林藤吉郎,勝村 河辺,桑揚;,-刊,再刻,-京都;勝村治右衛門,神嵜宗八,藤井孫兵衛,北村太助,小川源兵衛,神部源右衛門,出雲寺文次郎,小川多左衛門,山本長兵衛,凬月荘左衛門江戸;須原屋茂兵衞,Kaei 2 [1849] 河辺, 桑揚;..-刊, 新改正.-京都:勝村治右衞門, 小川源兵衞, 林權兵衞, 前川太郎兵衞, 八木治兵衞, 植村藤右衞門, 北村四郎兵衞, 小川多左衞門, 山本長兵衞, 風月荘左衞門江戸: 須原屋茂兵衞, Tenpō 2 [1831] 山崎,美成;.-刊.-江戸:丁子屋平兵衞,須原屋茂兵衛,山城屋佐兵衛,小林新兵衛,岡田屋嘉七,出雲寺萬次郎,和泉屋金右衛門,須原屋伊八,山崎屋清七,和泉屋市兵衛大阪:河内屋茂兵衞,秋田屋太右衞門,Kaei3[1850]



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CrossAsia Get It

Blauer Leihverkehr

Access to the special inter-library-loan form of the Blauer Leihverkehr by which you can order materials of the East Asia Department, Staatsbibliothek zu Berlin, in East, Southeast and Central Asian languages and of the South Asia Institute, Heidelberg University, in South Asian languages. When calling up the order form via the CrossAsia Search, the Online-catalogue of the East Asia Department, Staatsbibliothek zu Berlin, or via the Online-catalogue of Heidelberg University Library most of the necessary data will already be filled in. To order certain media please fill in the request form yourself.

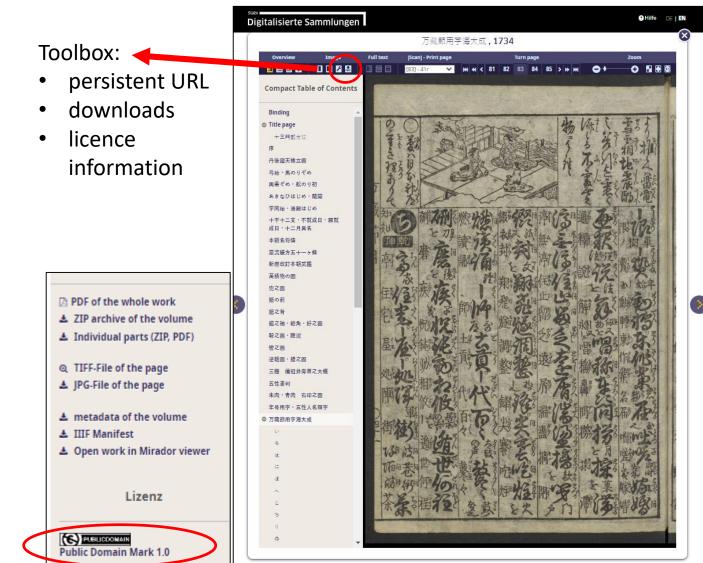
CrossAsia PDA

Access to the CrossAsia PDA (Patron Driven Acquisition) order form. Via this service you can make acquisition requests for materials from and about Asia. The CrossAsia Search includes a range of PDA resources that can be ordered directly via a link in the CrossAsia Search.

CrossAsia DoD

The demany-driven digitisation service is available for Asia-related titles from the holdings of Staatsbibliot ek zu Berlin (Berlin State Library).

Digitization-on-demand (DoD) service: digitization of 13 selected titles with DFG funding https://digital.staatsbibliothek-berlin.de/



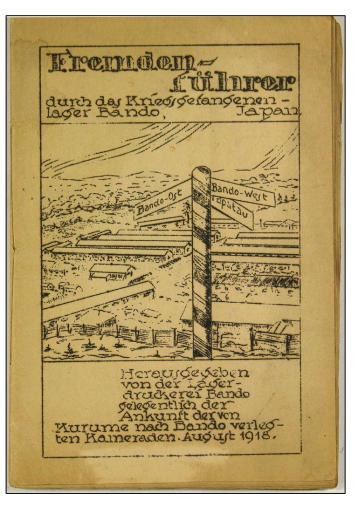
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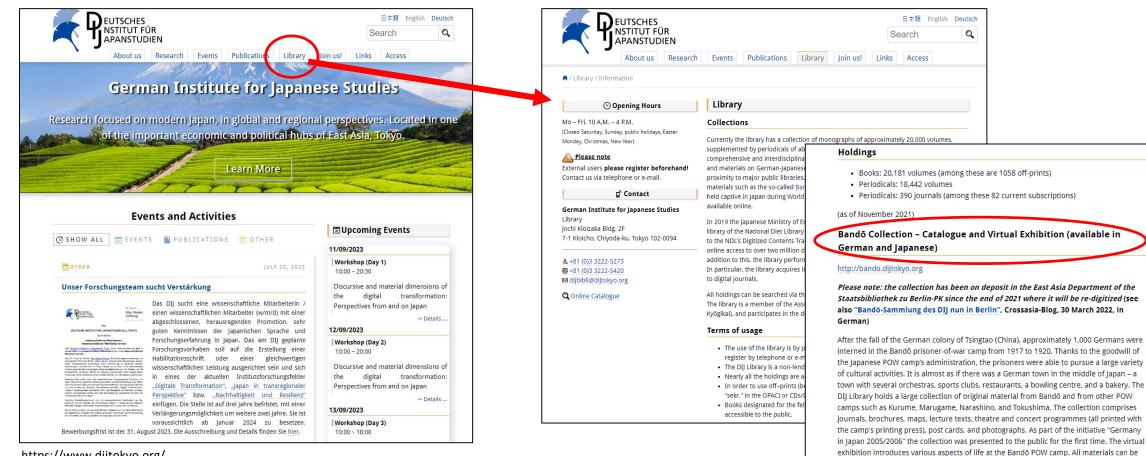
CrossAsia Sear

2. Deposit of the "Bandō collection" of the German Institute for Japanese Studies (Tokyo)



https://bando.dijtokyo.org/?page=object_detail.php&p_id=273





https://www.dijtokyo.org/

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The DIJ Library is a regular member of the Japan Special Libraries Association (Senmon Toshokan Kyōgikai) and closely cooperates with various Japanese libraries, but especially the libraries of the universities Waseda (Waseda Daigaku Toshokan), Sophia (Jochi Daigaku Toshokan) and Hōsei (Hōsei Daigaku Toshokan). Since 1993 the DIJ Library has been participating in the online cataloging system provided by the National Institute of Informatics (NII, Kokuritsu Jõhõgaku Kenkyūjo, which was called until March 2000: National Center for Science Information Systems, NACSIS, Gakujutsu Joho Senta). The Japanese union catalogue CiNii can be searched in Japanese and English, including in Kanji (Chinese characters), in the two Japanese syllabaries (Katakana and Hiragana) and in the Latin script (Rōmaji).

searched via the catalogue database. A large number of documents can be viewed as digital

Please direct all inquiries regarding this collection to the Staatsbibliothek zu Berlin where

the materials are deposited (Ostasienabt@sbb.spk-berlin.de).

pictures that can be magnified.

Cooperation



https://bando.dijtokyo.org/?page=object_detail.php&p_id=1102 Signatur: H 57-01

https://bando.dijtokyo.org/?page=object_detail.php&p_id=1108 Signatur: H 57-07



POW camp Bandō 1917-1920 (Shikoku, today Naruto)

- about 1000 prisoners
- humane head of camp
- self-organization of POWs
- shops, enterprises
- allotment gardens
- sport activities
- orchestras, choirs, theatre group
- lecture courses
- printing press



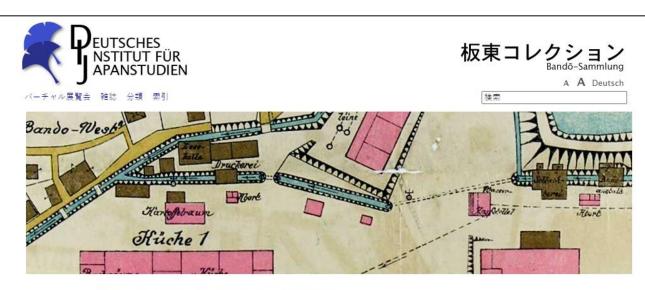
https://bando.dijtokyo.org/?page=object_detail.php&p_id=1102 Signatur: H 57-01

https://bando.dijtokyo.org/?page=object_detail.php&p_id=1105 Signatur: H 57-04





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DIJ板東コレクションの所蔵検索・バーチャル展覧会

青島陥落後にドイツ人兵俘虜を収容(1917-1920)した板東 俘虜収容所は、日独関係の発展と促進に重要な役割を果たし ました。日本人所長の理解により、俘虜たちは収容所内で活 気に満ちた文化的な生活を可能にし、手工芸展示会および数 多くの演劇やコンサートの上演によってドイツ文化を開花さ せました。



もっともよく知られている例は、ペートーベンの「交響曲第 九番」が、1918年に収容所オーケストラにより日本で初めて 濃奏されたことです。日独間の交流は収容所閉鎖後も続き、 とりわけドイツ人の多数が解放後も日本に留まりました。

このコレクションは、「日本にお けるドイツ年2005/2006」の一環 として、ドイツ語と日本語の両言 語により、初めて一般に公開され ます。



資料提供・協力者、著作権について

DIJ 図書室は板東のオ 圖 offarte 專 ジナル資料、さらに久 ** # # # # 留米、丸亀、習志野そ して徳島の文献からな る総数約5600点におよ ぶコレクションを所有 しています。コレクシ ョンには収容所内の印 刷所で印刷された新 聞、小冊子、地図、講 演原稿、演劇・コンサ ートのプログラム、パ ンフレット、写真など があります。これらの

資料は日独関係にとって大切な一次史料であり、収容所生活 の包括的な印象を伝えるものです。

板東コレクションの所蔵検索は以下のように行います

- それぞれの収容所、キーワードまたは人物の名前など で資料を検索することができます
- 画面上で、資料を一枚ずつめくることができます
- 自由に選んだキーワードでレコード全体を検索することができます
- デジタル化された資料の多くは、拡大鏡機能を使って 見ることができます

https://bando.dijtokyo.org/?lang=ja

Website about the Bandō available in German and Japanese

simple catalogue

+

virtual exhibition:

- Virtual tour of the POW camp
- Theatre
- Food & Drink
- Exchange between Germans and Japanese
- Exhibition of arts and crafts
- Exhibition of arts and crafts in quotations
- Historical background and introduction
- Economic situations and prices
- About Rudolf Ewert







Bandō-Sammlung des DIJ nun in Berlin

30. März 2022 / in Aktuelles, Ausstellungen, Digitalisierung, Enwerbungen, Newsletter 26, Sammlungen, SBB, SPK / von Ursula Flache

Ende 2021 kam die so genannte Bandō-Sammlung des Deutschen Instituts für Japanstudien (DIJ, Tokyo) als Depositum in die Betreuung durch die Ostasienabteilung der Staatsbibliothek zu Berlin-PK (SBB-PK). Während des ersten Weltkriegs gerieten nach der Kapitulation von Tsingtau (i.e. Qingdao) im November 1914 rund 4700 Deutsche und Österreich-Ungarn in japanische Kriegsgefangenschaft. Sie wurden zunächst in zwölf eher provisorisch eingerichteten Gefangenenlagern untergebracht, die über ganz Japan verteilt waren und teils aus ehemaligen Tempeln, Teehäusern und öffentlichen Gebäuden bestanden. Der Krieg zog sich jedoch länger hin als zunächst erwartet. Überdies wurde die zum Teil unzureichende Unterbringung bei Inspektionen, welche die Schutzmächte Deutschlands veranlassten, kritisiert. Letztlich kam es zur Errichtung neuer Barackenlager, in welche die Gefangenen größtenteils verlegt wurden. Mit ca. 1000 Personen war das Lager Bandō (Präfektur Tokushima) eines der größten Sammellager. Unter der Leitung des sehr human eingestellten Lagerkommandanten MATSUE Toyohisa konnte sich die Eigeninitiative der Kriegsgefangenen voll entfalten. Von Vorteil war hierbei, dass die wenigsten von ihnen Berufssoldaten waren, sondern sich als Reservisten oder Freiwillige für den Dienst gemeldet hatten und somit über die unterschiedlichsten Fachkenntnisse verfügten. CrossAsia Blog Startseite Themen Kategorie auswählen

CrossAsia Talks

12.10.2023, Andrea Acri, The Old Javanese-Sanskrit Dharma Pātaříjala

Alle Termine

Newsletter

Nr. 29 | August 2023 (HTML)((PDF) Nr. 28 | November 2022 (HTML) Nr. 27 | August 2022 (HTML) Nr. 26 | Mai 2022 (HTML) Alle Newsletter

Deposit arrived at the end of 2021

- new boxes for preservation
- recataloguing
- redigitization
- transfer virtual exhibition to system of Stabi Berlin

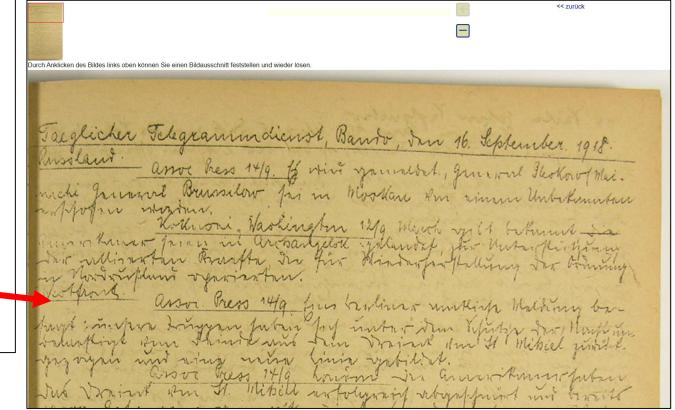
https://blog.crossasia.org/bando-sammlung-des-dij-nun-in-berlin/



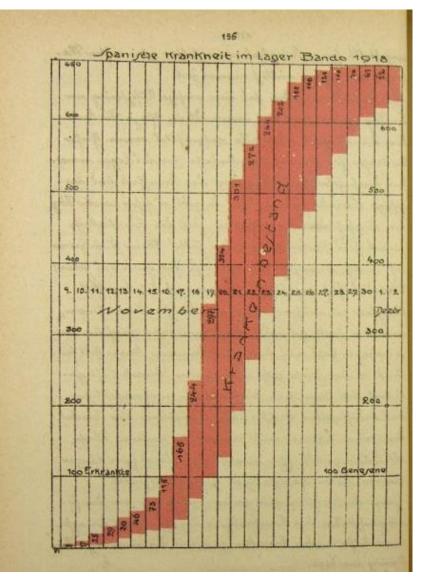




limitations of the system of the DIJ's digital collection







The Great influenza pandemic of 1918-1920 reached Bandō in November 1918

published in the camp:

daily newspaper "Täglicher Telegrammdienst Bando (TTB)" weekly magazine "Die Baracke"

- recommendations how to prevent the infection
- instructions how to behave in case of illness
- reprimands to those who did not take the situation seriously
- publication of expert knowledge about the illness
- call to contribute thermometers and to sell eggs to the camp's health service
- fund raising campaign in order to cover the costs for extra food
- article expressing words of gratitude to volunteers and the head of the camp
- obituaries commemorating the three victims

"What changes the disease had brought about in our daily lives! The whole camp seemed to be deserted. Those who had not fallen ill, had fallen into idleness, for arts and science, together with sport, were in premature hibernation. [...] Orchestras, choirs and theatre groups had stopped rehearsing. Some prisoners of war finally had time on their hands for the first time in four years." (Die Baracke. No. 9 (61[richtig: 62]) 1. Dez 1918, p. 193, 194-195)

Die Baracke. No. 9 (61[richtig: 62]) 1. Dez 1918, p. 196

https://bando.dijtokyo.org/no_menu.php?page=object_detail.php&p_id=146&pStart=0&pCount=16#Fotos

https://blog.crossasia.org/sind-sie-schon-durch-die-spanische-grippe-im-lager-bando/





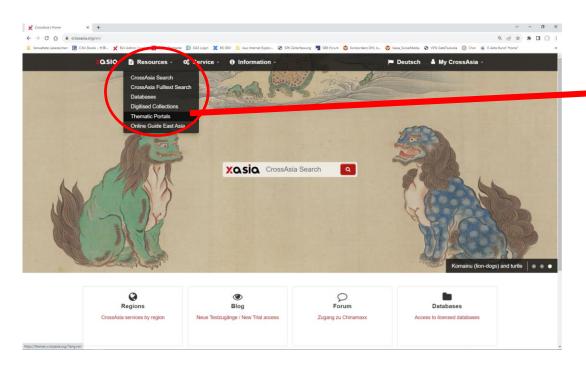
3. Presentation of the Japanese handscrolls in

a new thematic portal









Thematic portals introduce segments of collection (region, history, donation, type of material...)

Japan-related portals:

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- Origin of the Japanese Collection •
- The Prussian Expedition in Japan 1860/61 •
- Ōtsuka Collection ("Bibliothek Otsuka") •
- [Dictionary of Japanese Students in Germany 1868-1914)] •

>> New: Japanese Handscrolls

Thematic Portals

https://themen.crossasia.org/?lang=en

All / Archive / Bibliography / Biography / Central Asia / Chinese Language Regions / Japan / Korea / Manuscript / Photograph / Rare Books / Southeast Asia



Llanhuanhua: Chinese Comics

from the 50's



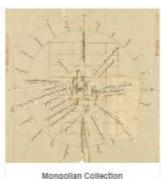


The Prussian Expedition In Japan 1860/61



Origins of the Japanese Collection





Tibetan Collection







Manchu Collection

The Southeast Asia Collection

CC-BY 4.0

Nava'l Manuscripts

Early acquisitions of the Prussian Expedition 1860/61: 16 titles (24 scrolls)



no place and date given, presumably Genroku era (1688-1704)

CrossAsia Talk (15th June 2023) Wang Fengyu (Heidelberg University) "The Karmic Origins Painted Anew: The Reproductions of the Hachiman Handscrolls" https://blog.crossasia.org/crossasia-talks/

no place and date given, presumably second half of the Edo period (1750-1867)







1980 donation of 13 early prints: 4 titles (6 scrolls)



Nara, Tōdaiji, Kōan 6 (1283)

金剛頂一切如来真実摂大乗現証大教王経,巻第一 3 金野頂一切如来真質攝大無現證大教美經卷第 前産康空子 に線發心は 特進試線應新大興善寺 衆俱所謂金野手菩薩摩訶薩重 必那當 前産金野 「恒任三 回边居宅ま 切 小室利东 身現無量阿僧祇 門大廣省不空奉 認識 切如来金四 虛空庫菩薩 大亦復如是 **辛**菩薩摩訶 由如胡麻 切 如是等善 切身 具菩薩座 亲督悉王 如来身 與九十 微日 电天 1

Kyōto, Tōji Saiin, Bun'an 1 (1444)





1983 collection of Fritz Rumpf (1888-1949): 16 titles (17 scrolls)



no place and date given, presumably first half of the 19th century

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Kyōto, Kan'ei 3 (1626)







Other scrolls and new acquisitions: 4 titles (6 scrolls)



no place and date given, presumably island of Sado between 1738 and 1800

no place, Tenmei 1 (1781)





Constant of Japanese Resource Specialists

The hurdles of properly presenting Japanese handscrolls online (2022)

https://themen.crossasia.org/japanese-handscrolls/?lang=en

Christian Dunkel

Staatsbibliothek zu Berlin. Special Subject Librarian for Japan





The hurdles of properly presenting Japanese handscrolls online

- a work in progress report

The collection of early modern Japanese books and manuscripts in the East Asia Department of Staatsbibliothek zu Berlin also contains about fifty handscrolls dating from the Edo-period. They were digitized during a project running from 2010 until 2014 and are freely available online to the public in the Digitized Collections of the library (https://digital.staatsbibliothek-berlin.de/). Given the technological environment of the library, so far they could only be presented as single images, enabling the user to view only limited sections of the scroll i.e. one image at a time and by that somewhat limiting the viewing-experience and not doing justice to the scroll-format.

The advances of IIIF technology in recent years have enabled us to work on this problem. Together with the library's IT-Department we started a small project which will hopefully result in a more adequate presentation of our scrolls by the end of 2022. In this work-in-progress-report I would like to introduce the project and share the experiences we have made so far. Maybe they are of interest for other institutions that think of presenting their large-scale materials like maps or scrolls as well.

https://www.eajrs.net/hurdles-properly-presenting-japanese-handscrolls-online-2022



Japanese Handscrolls in the Collections of Staatsbibliothek zu Berlin

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B ackground of the project

This thematic portal is the result of the joint efforts of the East Asia Department in collaboration with colleagues from the Information and Data Management Department and the Preservation and Digitization Department of Staatsbibliothek zu Berlin (SBB) to make large-format works – some of the objects presented here reach almost 20 meters when unrolled – permanently accessible to the public in a way that is more in keeping with the material character of the handscrolls. Until now, the technical capabilities of the library's Digitised Collections have only allowed for displaying them in the segmented form of single images.

As part of the DFG-funded project "SSG 6.25 Digital", more than 4000 titles of Western-language holdings related to East, Southeast, and Central Asia up to the publication year 1912 and more than 2000 original-language materials from five parts of the collection were digitized between 2009 and 2014: the Tibetan texts of the Waddell Collection, the Manjurian Collection, the old Japan Collection including the Japanese handscrolls, the old China Collection, and the Haenisch Collection. They can all be viewed and searched in the presentation interface of the SBB's Digitised Collections.







digital collection: single scans of segments

VS.

thematic portal: seamless scrolling of whole handscroll

>> combination of the single scans on a virtual canvas using IIIF technology



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4. Introduction of the new CrossAsia Open

Access Repository for Asian Studies

Search in 46 Documents	Q	
About us	Scope of the Collection	Publishing
The CrossAsia Open Access Repository is the central	CrossAsia Open Access Repository is an Asian Studies	CrossAsia Open Access Repository is a service of
publication hub of the CrossAsia information service. It	repository in Germany. Its goal is to provide open, free-of-	CrossAsia. As such, this hub is open to all researchers
strives to promote and increase the acceptance of the	charge and long-term access to quality scholarly materi-	who want to publish Open Access materials in Asian
Open Access paradigm in the Asian Studies research	als from all fields of social sciences, cultural studies and	Studies. It also especially welcomes contributions from
community.	humanities related to Asia.	universities and other institutions in Asian Studies.







CrossAsia Open Access Repository

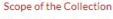
Search in 46 Documents

About us

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The CrossAsia Open Access Repository is the central publication hub of the CrossAsia information service. It strives to promote and increase the acceptance of the Open Access paradigm in the Asian Studies research community.

About CrossAsia OA Repository »



Scope of the Collection »

CrossAsia Open Access Repository is an Asian Studies repository in Germany. Its goal is to provide open, free-ofcharge and long-term access to quality scholarly materials from all fields of social sciences, cultural studies and humanities related to Asia.

Publishing

Publishing »

Q

CrossAsia Open Access Repository is a service of CrossAsia. As such, this hub is open to all researchers who want to publish Open Access materials in Asian Studies. It also especially welcomes contributions from universities and other institutions in Asian Studies.

About usLegalAbout Crossasia Open Access RepositoryCopyrightCollection ScopeDisclaimerPublishingPrivacyContactImprintAccessibilityAccessibility





Staatsbibliothek zu Berlin Preußischer Kulturbesitz

https://repository.crossasia.org/content/index.xml?lang=en

online since summer 2022





Science policy und cultural change

- initiatives to promote and increase acceptance of the open access paradigm <u>https://open-access.network/en/home</u>
- German Research Foundation intensifies funding programs for open access <u>https://www.dfg.de/en/research_funding/faq/faq_open_access/index.html</u> <u>https://www.dfg.de/en/research_funding/programmes/infrastructure/lis/open_access/index.html</u>

funding programme: "Open Access Publication Funding" <u>https://www.dfg.de/en/research_funding/programmes/infrastructure/lis/funding_opportunities/open_access_publication_funding/index.html</u> funding programme "Infrastructures for Scholarly Publishing" <u>https://www.dfg.de/en/research_funding/programmes/infrastructure/lis/funding_opportunities/infrastructures_publishing/index.html</u>

 Prussian Cultural Heritage Foundation (Stiftung Preußischer Kulturbesitz (SPK)): adoption of its own Open Science Declaration in November 2021 (in addition to earlier affirmations since 2013) <u>https://www.preussischer-kulturbesitz.de/en/priorities/digitization/translate-to-english-open-science.html</u>





Aim: An attractive specialised repository for open access publications

- promotion of open access in the Asia-related studies
- low-threshold offer for self-archiving or publication
- reliable and long-term secure hosting
- persistent identifier through DOI assignment
- good visibility via union catalogues (national, international), search engines...
- good bibliographic description including norm data (Integrated Authority File (GND))
- prominent visibility in the CrossAsia context
- recommended by the German Research Foundation as publication platform in the field of Asian studies (<u>https://www.dfg.de/en/research_funding/proposal_funding_process/final_reports/index.html</u>)





Technology and procedures

- technical basis: Reposis repository service of the Head Office of the Common Library Network (Verbundzentrale des Gemeinsamen Bibliotheksverbunds (GBV/VZG)) based on the software framework MyCoRe
- Long-term archiving through cooperation with the German National Library (Deutsche Nationalbibliothek (DNB))





Technology and procedures

- registration with CrossAsia necessary
- input of bibliographic data, keywords, notation(s), abstract(s)
- upload of the file(s)
- signing of the publication contract
- verification of the data and contract
- DOI assignment and release of new publication





Scope of the collection – content

- research from all fields of social sciences and humanities related to Asia
- academic quality is based on the affiliation of the author with a university or research institution or the scientific reputation of the original publication
- BA and MA theses only in exceptional cases and only based on written reviews by teaching staff or supervisors.



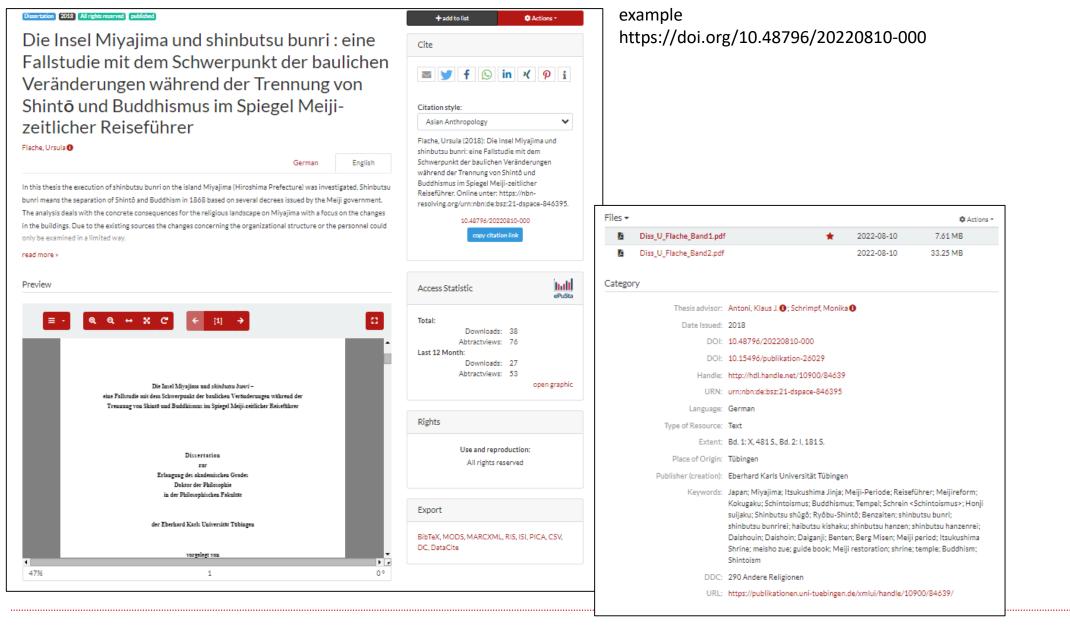


Scope of the collection – formal

- original works (gold open access)
- secondary publication / self archiving (green open access)
- monographs, articles, conference papers, blogposts ...
- open for research data as well as audio/visual files







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Thank you very much for your attention!



Dr. Ursula Flache (ursula.flache@sbb.spk-berlin.de)

CrossAsia: https://crossasia.org (x-asia@sbb.spk-berlin.de)

East Asia Department: https://staatsbibliothek-berlin.de/en/about-the-library/departments/east-asia-department (ostasienabt@sbb.spk-berlin.de)





